



Achieving High Availability with IBM Spectrum Virtualize

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IBM Spectrum Virtualize



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Agenda

- Implementing IBM Spectrum Virtualize in an Enhanced Stretched Cluster architecture
- Implementing IBM Spectrum Virtualize with Hyperswap
- Considerations and comparison







- It allows Spectrum Virtualize hardware to be geographically distributed. Stretched cluster deployments can span as short a distance as two racks in a data center, two buildings in a campus, across a city, or as far as 100 km or potentially more.
- The key benefit of a stretched cluster, compared to Metro Mirror, is that it allows for fast non-disruptive failover in the event of small scale outages.
- Another aspect of this attractiveness is that SAN Volume Controller always has an automatic quorum to act as a tie-break. This means no external management software or human intervention is ever required to perform a failover except particular case with override quorum command to restart half of the nodes on the surviving site which is only available in a ESC configuration.
- A key benefit of a ESC configuration vs. classical stretched cluster, is that it allows local cache destage avoiding sending many times the same write I/O over intersite links









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- The Enhanced Stretched Cluster configuration uses the Spectrum Virtualize volume mirroring function, which allows the creation of one volume with two copies.
- The resynchronization between both copies is incremental and is started automatically.
- In the Spectrum Virtrualize software stack, volume mirroring is below the cache and copy services. A mirrored volume has the same functions and behavior as a standard volume.



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- In an ESC configuration, the term *failure domain* is used to identify components of the Spectrum Virtualize cluster that are contained within a boundary so that any failure that occurs (such as power failure, fire, or flood) is contained within that boundary.
- Failure domains are typically areas or rooms in the data center, buildings on the same campus, or even buildings in different towns. Different kinds of failure domains protect against different types of failure conditions:
 - If each failure domain is an area with a separate electrical power source within the same data center, the cluster can maintain availability if any single power source fails.
 - If each site is a different building, the cluster can maintain availability if a loss of any single building were to occur (for example, power failure or fire).
- Ideally, each of the three failure domains that are used for the ESC configuration is in a separate building and powered by a separate power source. This configuration offers the highest level of protection against all possible failure and disaster conditions.







- The quorum disk fulfills two functions for cluster reliability:
 - Acts as a tiebreaker in split brain scenarios
 - Saves critical configuration metadata
- The SAN Volume Controller quorum algorithm distinguishes between the active quorum disk and quorum disk candidates.
- A quorum must be placed in each of the three failure domains.
- The quorum can be manually selected (ESC) in case of a rolling disaster (to restart the half surviving cluster).









- Enhanced stretched cluster supports three different approaches for node-to-node intracluster communication between failure domains:
 - No ISL configuration
 - ISL configuration
 - FCIP configuration
- Without ISL: may need to use LW SFPs to connect nodes to opposite fabrics
- With ISL: need to have **1 dedicated ISLs per independant (private) fabric** to ensure node-to-node communication (use of xISL allowed under specific support request)





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Failure domain 1 (Node 1)	Failure domain 2 (Node 2)	Failure domain 3 (Quorum Disk)	Cluster status
Operational	Operational	Operational	Operational, optimal
FAILED	Operational	Operational	Operational, write cache disabled
Operational	FAILED	Operational	Operational, write cache disabled
Operational	Operational	FAILED	Operational, Active quorum disk moved
Split Brain	Split Brain	Operational	Quorum race
Operational	FAILED	FAILED	Stopped, override on surviving site possible
FAILED	Operational	FAILED	Stopped, override on surviving site possible





Implementing IBM Spectrum Virtualize with Hyperswap



Implementing IBM Spectrum Virtualize with Hyperswap

- Hyperswap has been introduced in 7.5 code version for IBM Spectrum Virtualize, IBM Storwize V7000 and V5000.
- Hyperswap was originally designed to provide high availability on Storwize systems avoiding small customers to stack IBM Spectrum Virtualize upfront.
- As code is shared between Storwize and Spectrum Virtualize, Hyperswap is available for both systems.
- Same architecture pre-requisites as Enhanced Stretched Cluster (i.e. Private and Public SAN)
- As for Enhanced Stretched Cluster, hosts accessing storage through iSCSI or SAS (V5000 only) won't take advantage of high availability function.





Implementing IBM Spectrum Virtualize with Hyperswap

- Unlike Enhanced Stretched Cluster architecture, Hyperswap is not about dividing 2 nodes form the same IO group on two sites, but separating 2 IO groups of the same cluster.
- HyperSwap caches in 2 IO separate groups from the same cluster
 - If one site is unavailable, the remaining site has a full IO group with caching available
 - No drop in performance in a disaster
- HyperSwap adds application awareness
 - Group together multiple volumes to ensure application-wide failover
 - Ensures at least one site has latest copy of all volumes in group
- HyperSwap retains old consistent data during resynchronization
 - Allows sites to continually provide disaster recover protection through lifecycle
- The system will use ALUA to advertise a path on the node or nodes on the same site as the host as the optimized (preferred) path.
- In 7.5, all configuration tasks are done through CLI. With 7.6 configuration steps are embedded through GUI.





Considerations and comparison



Considerations and comparison

	Enhanced stretched cluster	Hyperswap
Available for	SVC	SVC/Storwize
Two independent sites	Yes	Yes
Two independent servers, one in each site	Yes	Yes
Latency optimization	Local read	Local read
Performances in case of failover	Write cache disabled	No performance impact
Licensing	N/A as Vdisk mirroring in embedded in the base code	Remote mirroring required
3 rd site replication	Possible	Impossible



Considerations and comparison

- Enhanced Stretched Cluster and Hyperswap are providing recovery options and IO path optimization.
- Properly configured, Hyperswap can survive most disasters without user interaction, with most remaining disasters giving some usable consistent data.
- High-available architecture should be considered also for servers and applications.
- Keep in mind that enhanced stretched cluster or Hyperswap should be completed with a disaster recovery plan.
- Replication to a 3rd site with Enhanced Stretched Cluster still remains in case one site fails.
- Moving from a dual-site replication storage to Hyperswap is not doable (easily).











Merci !





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